## Sociocultural Model Lesson Template (Warford & White, 2012)

**LOTE Topic: Travel** 

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Zu0xOFM5JDY

Common Core-Aligned Student Learning Objectives: For NYS teachers, phrase so that there are

identifiable functions and situations limited to a particular topic- "Students will be able to obtain			
information (function) from an entertainment guide (situation) to list (situation) leisure activities (topic).			
For ACTFL-alignment to Common Core, go to: http://www.actfl.org/sites/default/files/pdfs/Aligning CCSS Language Standards v6.pdf			
For NYS Common Core, go to: <a href="http://www.p12.nysed.gov/ciai/common_core_standards/pdfdocs/nysp12cclsela.pdf">http://www.p12.nysed.gov/ciai/common_core_standards/pdfdocs/nysp12cclsela.pdf</a>			
" For more on writing good instructional obje	ctives, go to: http://faculty.buffalostate.edu/warformk/NYSLOTEQuiz.htm		
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CCLS Strand: Listening and Speaking / LOTE Standard 1.1. Students will be able to			
Discuss different sites to visit in Spain.			
•			
CCLS Strands: Reading, Writing / LOTE Standard 1.2. Students will be able to			
Present similarities and differences between famous landmarks in Spain and America.			
	·		
LOTE Standard 2.1 (cross-cultural comparisons. If specific CCLS Strand applies, put in parentheses).			
Students will be able to:			
Students will be able to understand other perspective and cultures and communicate effectively with			
audiences or individuals from varied backg	·		
3			
CCLS Strand: Language. Students will be able to (be sure to phrase in terms of actual language usage)			
Give details about each cultural site discussed.			
Standards addressed: check all that a	pply. For ACTFL standards-CCSS alignment go to:		
	igning CCSS Language Standards v6.pdf		
COMMUNICATION: Communicate in Languages	CONNECTIONS: Connect with Other Disciplines and Acquire Information		
Other Than English			
Standard 1.1: Students engage in conversations,	Standard 3.1: Students reinforce and further their knowledge of other disciplines through the foreign language		
provide and obtain information, express feelings and			
emotions, and exchange opinions	<b>Standard 3.2:</b> Students acquire information and recognize the distinctive		
Standard 1.2: Students understand and interpret	viewpoints that are only available through		
written and spoken language on a variety of topics	COMPARISONS: Develop Insight into the Nature of Language and Culture		
Standard 1.3: Students present information, concepts, and ideas to an audience of listeners or	Standard 4.1: Students demonstrate understanding of the nature of language through comparisons of the language studied and their own		
readers on a variety of topics.	infough comparisons of the language studied and then own		
·	Standard 4.2: Students demonstrate understanding of the concept of culture		
CULTURES: Gain Knowledge and Understanding of Other Cultures	through comparisons of the cultures studied and their own.		
	COMMUNITIES: Participate in Multilingual Communities at Home &		
Standard 2.1: Students demonstrate an	Around the World		
understanding of the relationship between the practices and perspectives of the culture studied	Standard 5.1. Students use the language both within and havend the school		
and perspectives of the culture studied	Standard 5.1: Students use the language both within and beyond the school setting		
Standard 2.2: Students demonstrate an			

and perspectives of the culture studied	Standard 5.2: Students show evidence of becoming life-long learners by		
	using the language for personal enjoyment and enrichment.		
I. Activation of schemata (lexically and morpho-syntactically simple top-down (i.e. Kramsch,			
2003; Wiley, 2000) and bottom-up leading questions about cultural conventions (in L2) that			
pertain to the text students are about to explore. The teacher then collects students' comments,			
translating them into L2 if offered by students in L1.			
·			
Top-down activation (leading questions a	about Bottom-up activation (Address unfamiliar		
students' (C1) experiences of the symbolic	lexical, idiomatic items that may undermine		
capacity in question, preview text (freeze f	Frame, if comprehension of the text vis-à-vis a glossary		
video is involved) generate and record for	further and or, students to scan for and present		
discussion some hypotheses about content	unfamiliar terms for clarification.		
• (Antes del video) ¿Alguien con	oce •		
una ciudad en España?			
• ¿Cuál es la capital de España?			
• Alguien conoce un sitio popu	iar en 🔃		

understanding of the relationship between the products

Madrid?

¿Cómo es la ciudad de Madrid?

II. Text Interpretation: Combine bottom-up and top-down leading questions to process text

11. Text Interpretation: Combine bottom-up and top-down leading questions to process text		
Top-down strategies (in L2):	Bottom-up strategies (in L2):	
• What is the purpose of? Is it to?	• What do you think means? Is a	
Etc.	cognate or false cognate?	
• What is the emotional state of person A/B?	• What do you think of when you picture?	
• What are the interactants trying to accomplish?	• What does person A ask? How does person B	
• Do they accomplish the task?	respond?	
What are the phases of this discourse/speech	What form of the verb does person A/B use in	
event? (beginning, middle, end?	addressing the interlocutor?	
<ul> <li>¿Cual es el lugar más interesante del video?</li> <li>Si pudieras viajar a uno de los lugares, ¿Cuál elegirías? ¿Por qué?</li> <li>Elige un sitio del video y compáralo a un sitio de los Estados Unidos. Da los similares y las diferencias.</li> </ul>		

**II. Sociocultural interpretation:** Lead learners through an examination of the points raised in the activation stage. Sample leading questions include:

- What similarities do you see between the way native speakers approach 'X' and our approach to 'X' (for examining L1 and C1 assumptions).
- Which of our assumptions about this text were correct? ...incorrect?
- What are the rules for carrying out this speech event in the L2? (address relevant grammatical, lexical, discourse & socio-pragmatic elements)

¿Cuales son los similares entre los sitios famosos en España y los sitios famosos en América?

**IV. Sociocultural presentation:** Students develop an adaptation/recreation/response related to the presented text(s).

## http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Zu0xOFM5JDY

Before watching the video, students will pick a partner and assign a number. If the student picks one, they will be paying attention to all the odd numbers in the video. If the student picks two, they will be paying attention to all the even numbers. They will write down as much interesting stuff about each place as they can. After the video ends, they will meet up with the other ones or twos and discuss each place. Once they have mastered each place, they will get together with their original partner to teach them about different famous places in Madrid.

Clase, elige un compañero. Uno de usted va a ser el número uno y el otro va a ser dos. Si usted es el número uno, va a prestar atención a los números 1,3,5,7 y 9. Si usted es el número dos, va a ver los números 2,4,6,8 y 10. Durante el video escribe toda la información importante sobre cada lugar.

## Después del video:

Busquen su compañeros original y discutan los sitios de Madrid. Por cada lugar, escriban un párrafo sobre lo que aprendieron.

## El proyecto:

Hace un PowerPoint con su compañero sobre uno de los lugares del video. Necesita incluir la información más importante y incluye información del video. Van a presentar su PowerPoint a la clase por diez minutos.

**V. Sociocultural debriefing:** Teacher and students examine appropriateness of students' simulations against the linguistic and cultural elements identified at Stage III and the assumptions generated at Stage I. There may be some lingering transference of L1 and C1 to the L2 and C2 features imbued in the text.

Leading questions (L2):

As a class, we will discuss each of the ten places and answer the following questions (The questions can vary depending on what type of place we are talking about)

- 1. ¿Cómo se llama el lugar?
- 2. ¿Por qué es importante?
- 3. ¿Sabes algo interesante sobre Este lugar?
- 4. ¿Qué podemos hacer allá?
- 5. ¿Quién vive allí?
- 6. ¿Dónde esta en Madrid?
- 7. ¿Quieres visitar este lugar cuando estás en España?

<sup>\*</sup>Warford, M. K., & White, W. L. (2012). Integrating literacy and proficiency in language teaching. Submitted to Foreign Language Annals, 45, 400-414.